

Reinforced Concrete Beam

Simple-span rectangular beam under uniform gravity load. Numbers come from calc.py. This sheet only presents them.

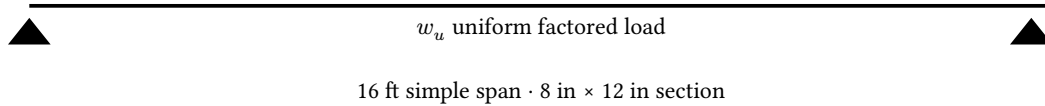


Figure 1: 16 ft simply supported beam, 8 in × 12 in rectangular section.

Loads and Beam Demand

$L = 16$ ft	Simple span
$B_t = 6.25$ ft	Tributary width
$D = 55$ psf	Dead load including superimposed dead
$L_L = 20$ psf	Live load
$w_{sw} = 0.1$ kip/ft	Beam self-weight
$w_u = 1.2w_D + 1.6w_L = 0.733$ kip/ft	Factored uniform line load
$M_u = w_u \frac{L^2}{8} = 23.44$ kip·ft	Maximum positive moment
$V_u = w_u \frac{L}{2} = 5.86$ kip	Support shear

Flexural Strength

$b_w = 8$ in	Beam width
$h = 12$ in	Overall depth
$d = 9.5$ in	Effective depth
$f'_c = 3$ ksi	Concrete compressive strength
$f_y = 60$ ksi	Steel yield strength
$A_s = 0.62$ in ²	Provided tension steel (2 No. 5)
$a = A_s \frac{f_y}{0.85f'_c b_w} = 1.824$ in	Equivalent compression-block depth
$\varepsilon_t = 0.0103$	Net tensile strain
$\phi = 0.9$	Strength reduction factor
$\phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y (d - \frac{a}{2}) = 23.96$ kip·ft	Design flexural strength

Flexural strength

OK

M_u : 23.44 kip·ft ϕM_n : 23.96 kip·ft

D/C: 0.98

Minimum Steel and Concrete Shear

$A_{s,min} = 0.253$ in ²	Minimum longitudinal steel
-------------------------------------	----------------------------

$$A_{s,prov} = 0.62 \text{ in}^2$$

Provided longitudinal steel

Minimum longitudinal reinforcement

OK

$$A_{s,min}: 0.25 \text{ in}^2 \quad A_{s,prov}: 0.62 \text{ in}^2$$

D/C: 0.41

$$V_c = 2\sqrt{f'_c}b_wd = 8.33 \text{ kip}$$

Concrete shear strength

$$\phi V_c = 6.24 \text{ kip}$$

Design concrete shear strength

Concrete shear

OK

$$V_u: 5.86 \text{ kip} \quad \phi V_c: 6.24 \text{ kip}$$

D/C: 0.94